

Interior. Saint Michael's Lutheran church, Strasburg.

STRASBURG ACADEMIES

By William Frederic Worner

The history of Strasburg village and borough, Lancaster county, Pa., is so intimately associated with educational matters that it would not be complete, no matter how carefully written, without a reference to the part the community has played in the advancement of education in the great commonwealth of Pennsylvania. Almost from the beginning, the people of Strasburg manifested an interest in education, and the subject of schools was ever an uppermost topic in their minds. The earliest teachers, we are informed, were itinerants, or "bucolic peripatetics", who taught in farm houses.

A writer in the Pennsylvania School Journal for May, 1852, states:

"The pleasant town of Strasburg, in this county, has, during the last sixty years, rarely been long without a good school. This is probably owing to the fact that its population has generally contained a succession of citizens or more than ordinary intelligence and public spirit. Among these 'fathers of the village,' now departed, may be named, Dr. William Duffield and his brother, George Duffield; the Rev. Nathaniel W. Sample, the Rev. Robert Elliott, Thomas B. Burrowes, Isaac B. Burrowes, John Brackbill, Judge James Whitehill, John Funk, John Herr, Esq., George Withers, Neal McCloy and George Hoffman, Esq. The influence of such men—several of whom were liberally educated and all of observant habits and inquiring minds—naturally produced a succession of good schools, the full history of which would be interesting.

"Respectable English schools were taught in Strasburg by John J. Husbands, Abram Varley and others. Amos Gilbert had the successful care of the chief borough school for several years."

THE THEOLOGICAL SCHOOL

The first school in Strasburg, of which we have any knowledge,—a theological institution established about 1790,—was conducted by the Rev. Nathaniel Welshard Sample, an eminent theologian and ripe scholar, who served as pastor of Leacock, Lancaster and Middle Octorara Presbyterian churches for a period of forty years. He resided in Strasburg, and conducted the school in the east parlor of his home. The building, still standing at numbers 21 and 23 East Main street, is owned and occupied by John M. Hagans. In recent years automobile accessories were stored in the old school room in which the followers of John Calvin pursued their studies.

In the Pennsylvania School Journal for May, 1852, it is stated that the first classical school in Strasburg village was established by John Whiteside, who for several years taught his pupils Latin, Greek and Hebrew. I have not been able to ascertain the year in which the school was organized, nor to identify the house in which it was held.

THE FIRST ACADEMY

On January 1st, 1803, the Rev. Robert Elliott, M. A., who had taught in a classical school at Easton, Maryland, established a classical academy in Strasburg village. In the Lancaster Journal of October 30th, 1802, he advertised as follows:

"In this Academy will be taught Latin, Greek, history, mathematics, geography, and the English language, grammatically. Professions are esteemed unnecessary, as it will be no less the interest of this seminary than the public, that it be conducted in such a manner, as to give general satisfaction. The advantages of this seminary for health, situation, cheapness, and good

board, as also its being free from many inconveniences and temptations to vice and immorality, to which large towns are subject and liable, it is hoped



Rev. Nathaniel Welshard Sample. Pastor Lancaster, Leacock and Middle Octorara Presbyterian churches forty years. Born April 16th, 1752; died July 23rd, 1834. Resided at 21-23 East Main street, Strasburg, in house now (1928) owned by John M. Hagans. Mr. Sample established a theological school in his home in 1790, and conducted it for a number of years. Active in the educational life of Strasburg. Patron of its first academy (1803); superintendent of its second academy, established 1823.

and expected will give it a preference with parents and guardians of children. And should it be their wish, or desire, to send their children previous to the time above mentioned, they shall be accommodated and carefully attended

to, on application to the Rev. N. W. Sample, or the principal of the Academy, residing in Strasburg.

"The price of tuition, for each scholar, is twenty dollars per annum, paid quarterly.

"Mrs. Elliott will accommodate a few pupils at one hundred dollars per annum, for board and tuition."

This school became quite celebrated, and was attended by a large number of students from Lancaster county and other parts of Pennsylvania; also from Maryland and Delaware. In an advertisement in the Lancaster Journal, April 2nd, 1803, the public was informed that "the Strasburg Academy is now opened for the instruction of youth of both sexes, in every part or branch of useful and polite literature. Parents and guardians may depend on the strictest attention to the morals and education of the pupils. Mr. Elliott's abilities and experience in teaching are well known, and the situation of this academy, in one of the most opulent and healthy parts of the Union, affords peculiar advantages."



Rev. Robert Elliott, M. A., principal of the first academy in Strasburg, lived in this building, 14-16 East Main street, or in a house that occupied its site. Photographed in 1923.

Thus was established the first classical academy for boys and girls in Strasburg village. That its early condition was flourishing, is evidenced from the following, which appeared in the Lancaster Journal of March 17th, 1804:

"The present respectability of this academy, from the great increase of pupils, is the best eulogy, both on the principal and the place. Nor will any

boy of incorrigible evil habits be admitted as a student in this seminary. For cheapness of board and tuition it is exceeded by no place on the continent."

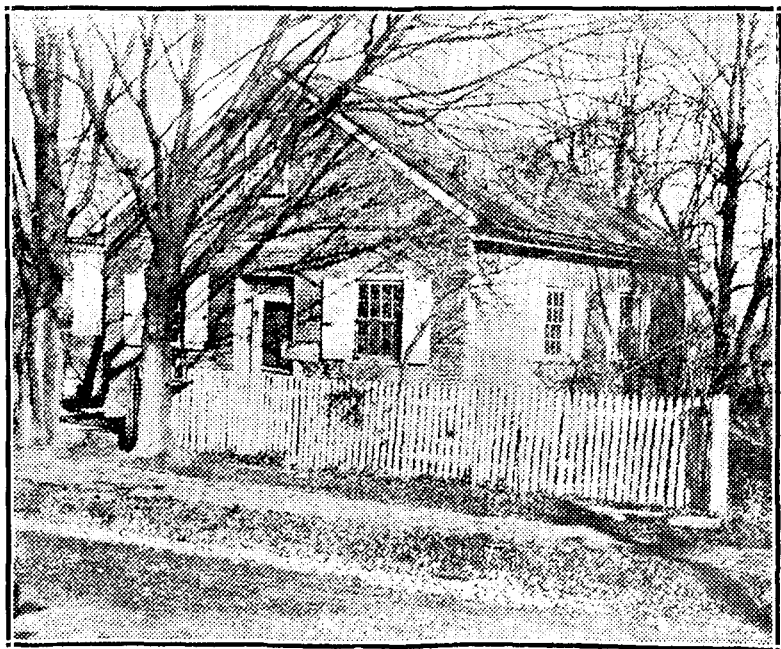
The Rev. Robert Elliott was, probably, an Irishman. On April 12th, 1800, he was married to Eliza King, daughter of Robert King, Esq., of Chestnut Level, Lancaster county, Pa. The ceremony was performed by the Rev. Francis Allison Latta. (See Lancaster Journal for April 23rd, 1800.)

On April 23rd, 1806, Mr. Elliott purchased a house and lot in Strasburg village from George Duffield and Faithful, his wife. He may have conducted the school in this building, which is still standing at numbers 14 and 16 East Main street. How long he taught in Strasburg, I have not been able to ascertain. On January 30th, 1815, Robert Elliott and his wife, Eliza, sold the house and lot to Samuel Henry. After leaving Strasburg, Mr. Elliott moved to Washington, D. C. He served as chaplain to Congress for a number of years.

Neal McCloy succeeded him as principal of the academy, and conducted it for a number of years. The building in which it probably was held, now greatly altered, is owned by Richard C. Horn. A partition was put in some years ago, dividing it into two dwelling houses.

THE SECOND ACADEMY

On February 13th, 1823, an act was passed by the Legislature of Pennsylvania to incorporate in the borough of Strasburg "an academy or public school for the education of youth in the useful arts, sciences and literature, by the name, style and title of Strasburg academy." Some years prior to



School house in North Jackson street. In 1823, the second academy in Strasburg was opened in this building. Now (1928) a dwelling house.

this, a school house had been erected on North Jackson street, in which Amos Gilbert taught a select school for a number of years. The subscribers to this academy met in the school house, on North Jackson street, on the first Monday in December, 1823, and elected the following trustees: Samuel Miller, John Seitz, Hugh McClung, Archibald McAllister and George Miller. No person, master, tutor or pupil, was to be refused admission into the academy on account of his conscientious persuasion in matters of religion.

When the law was enacted establishing an academy in Strasburg, it was announced that "the languages, arts and sciences" would be taught, at moderate rates. On April 25th, 1823, the Lancaster Journal informed the public that the Strasburg Academy would be opened under the superintendence of the Rev. Nathaniel Welshard Sample. Mr. Sample offered to board a number of pupils in his home.

Just how long the second academy continued to exist, is not definitely known. On April 15th, 1852, the General Assembly of Pennsylvania authorized George Diffenbach, Henry Spiehlman, Joseph Bowman and James McPhail, surviving trustees of the Strasburg Academy, to convey by deed the lot of ground commonly known as "the academy lot with the buildings thereon erected," to the board of directors of the common school of Strasburg borough. This old building has had a checkered history. It was originally erected as a school house. In 1823, it was converted into an academy. In 1852, it was taken over by the school board and used as a public school until 1870, when the present high school building was erected. Subsequently, it was converted into a dwelling. At present, it is owned by Ralph M. Eby.

THE THIRD ACADEMY

On May 1st, 1839, the Rev. David McCarter established, what is generally conceded to have been the third academy in Strasburg borough. Just where the early sessions of the school were held is not known. In an advertisement, which appeared in the Lancaster Intelligencer and Journal of Tuesday, November 10th, 1840, Mr. McCarter, principal and proprietor of the Strasburg Academy, informed the public that the winter session of the institution commenced on Monday, November 2nd, 1840. Twenty-one students were present on the first day. He also stated that an appropriation from the State would be received, annually, which would be used in furnishing the school with globes, maps, books, and chemical and philosophical apparatus, thereby affording advantages to pupils far superior to schools not possessing such equipment. The course of study included the usual branches of an English, classical and mathematical education. The necessary expenses of the academic year amounted to about one hundred dollars.

Through the medium of the Examiner and Herald of April 13th, 1842, the principal, Mr. McCarter, informed the public that the last session of the academy, which had just closed, numbered about sixty students. The course of instruction included orthography, reading, geography, the use of the globes, English grammar, composition, history, book-keeping, arithmetic, algebra, geometry, mensuration, surveying, natural and moral philosophy, chemistry, mineralogy, astronomy, practical and ornamental writing, elocution, drawing, painting, vocal and instrumental music, Latin, Greek, German and French languages. Tuition, board and washing, for a session of five months, cost fifty dollars.

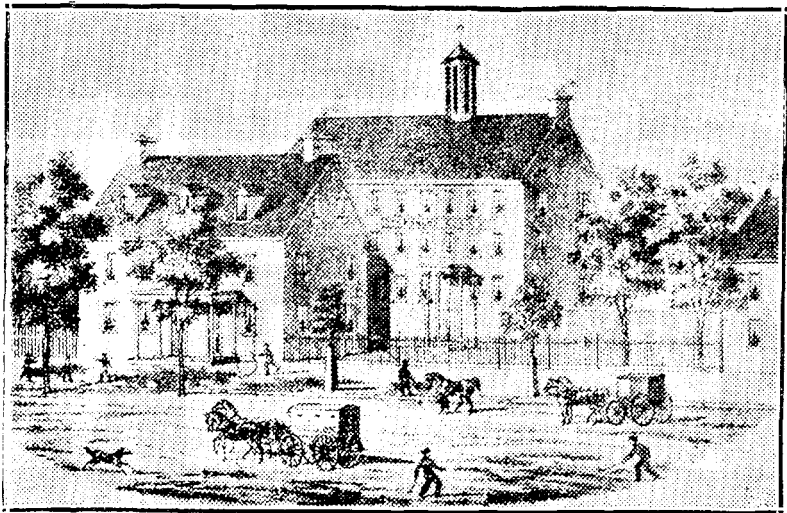
In the Intelligencer and Journal of Saturday, October 8th, 1842, Mr. McCarter stated:

"During the past season, a splendid three-story brick building has been erected, with the latest improvements, for the convenience of pupils, which the proprietor has obtained for the use of his school." It was large enough to accommodate between eighty and one hundred students. The building

stood about one hundred feet to the north of the property located at 31 and 33 East Main street, at present owned and occupied by Dr. William S. Tinney. An incomplected tower of Saint Michael's Lutheran church, Strasburg, was removed about this time, and the bricks were used in the construction of the academy building. On October 1st, 1844, the Rev. Mr. McCarter purchased the property from Richard B. Groff.

A writer in the Examiner and Herald of March 8th, 1843, styling himself "A Friend to Academies," informed the public of the merits and flourishing condition of the Strasburg Academy. The principal, Mr. McCarter, was assisted by two experienced teachers. The number of regular students was forty-two; twenty-four of whom boarded with the principal. The annual appropriation received from the State was used to reduce the tuition. A prayer-meeting was held by the students every Saturday evening. They also formed a temperance society. Weekly lectures were delivered by visiting gentlemen.

In May, 1853, the Strasburg Academy, which had been founded by the Rev. Mr. McCarter in May, 1839, was opened under now management, with Jesse Oren, M. D., as the principal. The entire building was re-fitted and

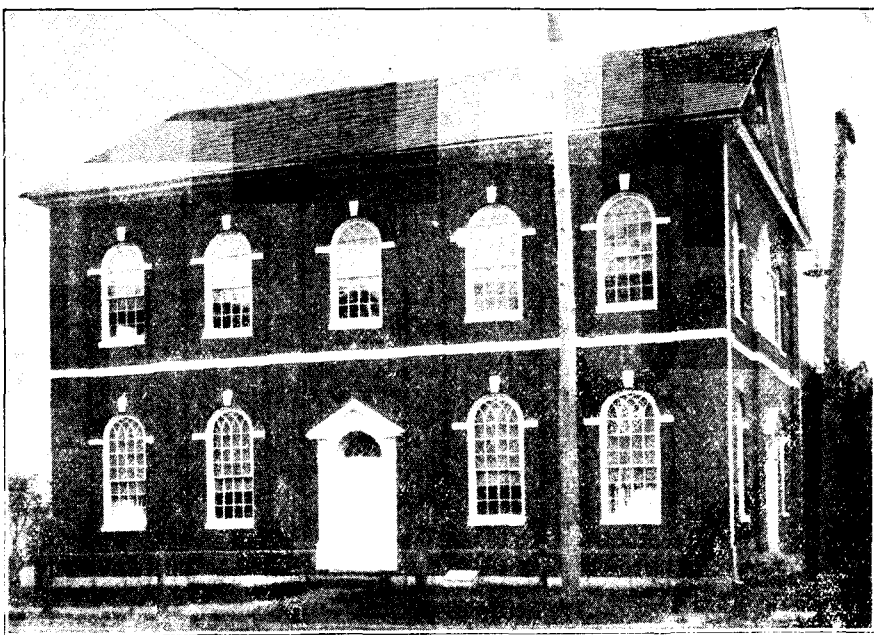


The third Strasburg Academy. Founded May 1st, 1839, by the Rev. David McCarter, M. A. The house in foreground, 31-33 East Main street, once the home of Judge James Whitehill, was erected more than 100 years ago, and is still standing. Now owned and occupied by Dr. William S. Tinney. The academy building, in rear, erected in 1842 out of materials from the incomplected tower of Saint Michael's Lutheran church, was demolished about 1873.

newly furnished. Other improvements were also made, which added greatly to the comfort of the students. In the fall of that year, Dr. Oren advertised that the school was in a flourishing condition, numbering more students during the summer session than it had had for several years past. Five teachers were employed. Despite this evident prosperity, Dr. Oren continued in charge for only one year, when he was succeeded by Joseph D. Nichols, as principal. Just how long Mr. Nichols remained in charge, is not known. In 1858 Herman Smith was the principal.

In the spring of 1859, the Strasburg Academy was opened under the charge of B. Frank Ibach. Mr. Ibach advertised in the Strasburg Herald of April 16th, 1859, that he was determined that the Strasburg Academy should stand second to no other in the Union; that he would spare no effort to improve the intellectual, moral and physical ability of those placed in his charge. Having had years of experience in teaching, he was hoping that his past success would inspire confidence in the parents of the vicinity and that they would appreciate the enterprise by sending their children to the institution. Tuition, boarding and washing, for a session consisting of twenty-two weeks, cost sixty dollars."

The Strasburg Herald of February 4th, 1860, informed the public that the school was divided into two departments, male and female, who recite in the same classes only so far as is compatible with female education. Languages, instrumental music, drawing and fancy needle work were taught only when requested, and an extra charge was made. Day scholars were admitted, at eight dollars per session. B. Frank Ibach continued as principal.



Saint Michael's Lutheran church, Strasburg. Erected 1806-16. Building still standing (1928). Photographed in 1917.

E. C. Musselman, a former student in the Strasburg Academy, writes:
"David McCarter was the first master of whom I have any knowledge. The academy was then quite prosperous, and the ancient languages and higher mathematics were taught. My first preceptor was B. Frank Ibach. It had drifted into a day school. The dormitories in the three-story brick building were all vacant. This, I should say, was in the early sixties. Mr. Ibach was succeeded by the Rev. John B. Kugler and Miss Mary Ellen Linville.

Mr. Kugler was pastor of the Presbyterian church in Strasburg in 1861-65. He taught languages and mathematics. Miss Linville had charge of the less advanced pupils and taught music. These teachers were succeeded by the Misses Anna and Susan Girvin. Then, for a short while, the State used the building as a home for soldiers' orphan children. That was in December, 1864. The accommodations being inadequate, they were removed to Paradise, and then to Mount Joy. This was the end of the academy as a school. John Lanious finally bought the academy part of the building, tore it down, and erected a private dwelling out of the materials. The house is located at number 37 East Main street and is now owned and occupied by Mrs. Martin H. Hess."

"The history of the old academy would scarcely be complete without the mention of an old peculiar character," writes a former student. "Just two doors east of the academy, in a little one-story house, lived old Patty Ralston. Once she presumed to be a mantua-maker but all we ever saw were her blocks and patterns. She was a very dignified old creature, and had a very peculiarly designed cap, which she always wore with strings long and swaying in the air. As you entered the front door, a ting-a-ling from a bell, above the door of her shop, announced your presence. Soon a face would appear from a rear door and old Patty would come quietly behind her counter of bric-a-brac to wait upon you. She had a prodigious nose at best, but this was always supplemented with a fig attached by a band, the purpose of which we never discovered. Had Charles Dickens seen her he certainly would have found copy for his Old Curiosity Shop. At all events, Patty was the recognized depository for all the old copper pennies, silver three-cent pieces and fif-ne-bits, then in circulation, that the academy patrons could command. Her ginger cakes, mint sticks, sour balls, licorice sticks and rock candies, were irresistible. She also had cigars—those dear old sixers,—two for a cent. The half Spanish one, for a penny, was a luxury. They were long filler, without a binder, and the tips all had a little pig tail finish—no paste. Poor old Patty Ralston! Whence she came or where she went, is a mystery; but the memory of her odd appearance and miscellaneous stock in trade, can never be forgotten by the academy boy."

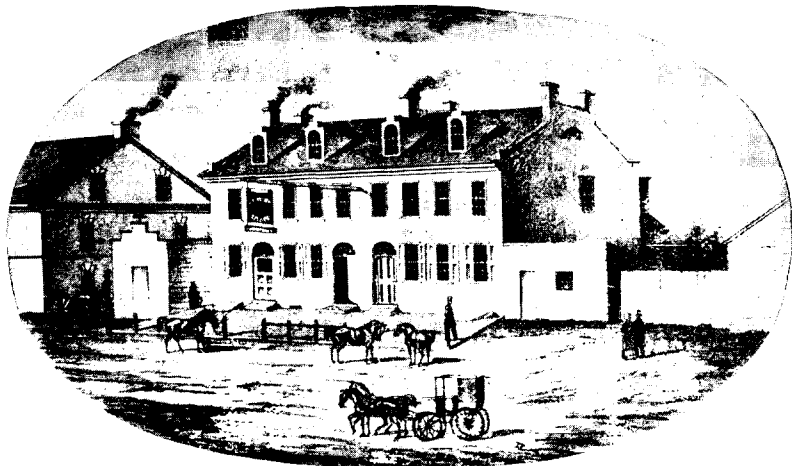
THE STRASBURG FEMALE SEMINARY

It is evident that the academy which the Rev. Mr. McCarter established in Strasburg in 1839, was intended only for the instruction of boys. In order, however, to give the girls of the community, as well as those from more distant places, educational opportunities, he opened a school, two years later, which he styled "The Strasburg Female Seminary." The *Intelligencer and Journal* of March 23rd, 1841, informed the public that a seminary for the education of young ladies, would be opened under the superintendence of the Rev. David McCarter. The design of the institution, the advertisement stated, was to furnish young ladies with the best facilities for obtaining a finished education. In order that the pupils might be more particularly under female influence, only ladies of ability, and who had had successful experience in teaching, were employed.

The plan of instruction embraced two divisions: In the first, the common branches of a substantial English education were taught; in the second, the higher branches of English, ancient and modern languages, drawing and painting, as well as instrumental and vocal music, were pursued. The school year consisted of two terms, or sessions, of five months each, commencing on the first Monday of May, and the first Monday of November, respectively.

The charge for board, tuition and washing, etc., for a session, was only fifty dollars. A number of pupils resided with the superintendent, while others were received into families of the first respectability in the community.

In the *Intelligencer* and *Journal* of Tuesday, September 19th, 1843, appeared an advertisement under the heading of "Strasburg Female Seminary," in which it was stated that the sixth session of the institution would commence on the first Monday in November, 1843. Ann McCullough's name appeared as principal. In view of the fact that the expression **sixth** session was used, and that the school term consisted of two sessions of five months each, as stated in the advertisement, it is fair to assume that this seminary was started in the spring of 1841. It does not seem possible that a small



Washington hotel. The eastern part of the building (to the right in picture) was erected more than a century ago. Building still standing, 1928, at East Main and North Decatur streets, Strasburg.

town like Strasburg, with about nine hundred inhabitants, should have had at that time two female schools bearing the title of "Strasburg Female Seminary." In the *Intelligencer* and *Journal* of March 23rd, 1841, it is stated that the female seminary would be opened under the superintendence of the Rev. David McCarter; while in the issue of September 19th, 1843, an advertisement, which is written in practically the same style as that of March 23rd, 1841, gives the name of Ann McCullough as principal. Therefore, it is fair to assume that there was but one female seminary in Strasburg at that time. The Rev. Mr. McCarter was probably the proprietor and Miss McCullough the principal. On the other hand, Mr. McCarter may have retired from all connection with the female seminary in 1843.

In the *Examiner* and *Herald* of Wednesday, September 17th, 1845, appeared an announcement that the semi-annual examination of the young ladies in the Strasburg Female Seminary would take place on Thursday, September 25th, 1845, at nine o'clock in the morning. Parents and friends of education were respectfully invited to attend. Ann McCullough's name, as principal, was appended to the notice.

Just how long Miss McCullough continued in charge of the school, is not known. The institution, in all probability, was closed for a brief period, and re-opened on May 1st, 1850, under the direction of Mrs. C. H. Rowe, principal, with Miss C. E. Rowe as assistant teacher. A variety of subjects was taught, ranging from spelling to French and painting, and including such subjects as psychology, natural and moral philosophy, and others.

THE YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE

Mrs. Rowe did not continue very long as principal of the Strasburg Female Seminary. She was succeeded by Miss I. Work, a graduate of the Female Seminary of Steubenville, Ohio. Miss Work changed the name of the school to the more ambitious title, "The Young Ladies' Institute." (See Lancaster Examiner and Herald, of March 16th, 1853). She continued to teach all the subjects advertised by her predecessor. How long this institution survived is not known.

THE PEQUEA INSTITUTE

The Examiner and Herald of April 26th, 1843, informed the public that a school, to be known as the Pequea Institute, would be opened in Strasburg borough on May 15th of that year. A convenient building had been obtained. Just where it was located is not known. Boarding could be had in the most respectable families at forty dollars a session, of five months. The course of instruction was divided into four departments, as follows:

Department of English and mathematics.

" " ancient languages.

" " modern languages.

" " vocal and instrumental music.

The charges for each session were as follows:

Tuition for first department,	\$10.00
" " first and second departments,	12.00
" " first and third departments,	15.00
" " vocal music,	2.00
" " instrumental music,	10.00
" " botany and ornithology,	5.00

James C. Beckel taught music. The proprietors of the institution were E. J. Higbee and W. F. S. Warren.

The second session of the Pequea Institute opened in Strasburg borough on the first Monday in November, 1843. The course of instruction included all the branches of a common English and classical education. Messrs. W. F. S. Warren and J. S. Hauk were the proprietors.

In the autumn of 1844, William D. Eshleman and Abraham Eshleman, successors to W. F. S. Warren and J. S. Hauk, announced that the winter session of the Pequea Institute would commence on the first Monday in November. They changed the curriculum, stating that their purpose in doing so was to give thorough instruction in all branches immediately useful to the farmer and business man. The public was informed that the expenses of the institution, including tuition, board, laundry, fuel, lights, etc., would be fifty dollars a session, consisting of five months. With economy, the pupil might get through with forty dollars.

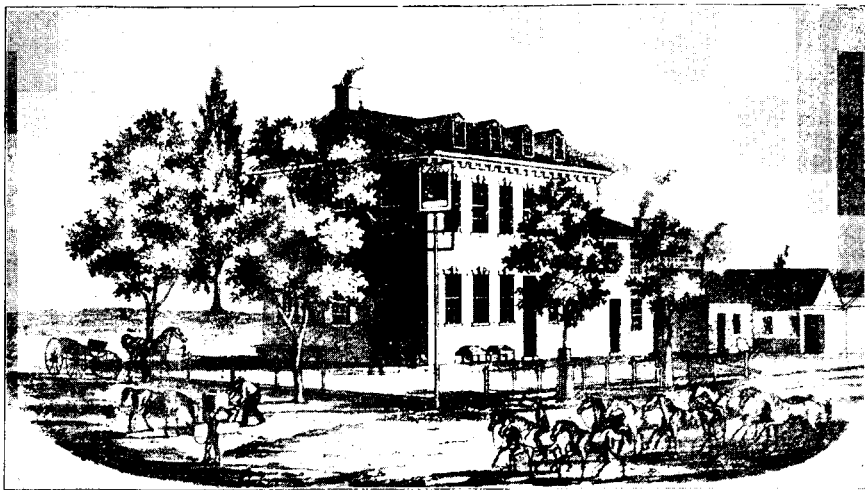
A lyceum was connected with the institution, and exercises by the students were held weekly in declamation and discussion. A library was also accessible, free of charge. The proprietors stated that they anticipated securing the services of a southern teacher of great experience. Just how long this institution survived is not known.

THE STRASBURG MALE AND FEMALE SEMINARY

On May 10th, 1854, the Examiner and Herald contained an announcement that the stockholders of the Male and Female Seminary had purchased the property of Lewis Suter, situated south of Main street, in the borough of Strasburg, as a site for a contemplated school building. Two hundred dollars were subscribed by the citizens of the borough towards establishing a library. On January 1st, 1855, Lewis Suter and Christiana, his wife, conveyed, by deed,

two acres of land to Benjamin B. Gonder, Dr. Benjamin Musser, Thomas A. Galt, William Spencer, John Musselman and John F. Herr, trustees of the Strasburg Male and Female Seminary.

This institution never materialized. It was about this time that the Millersville State Normal School was organized. There appears to have been some opposition to the establishment of a seminary in Strasburg. Some say that the citizens objected to having so many students in the town; while others claim that there was not enough capital forthcoming with which to finance the scheme. It is quite probable that the establishing of a school at



The Golden Swan hotel. Building probably erected before Revolutionary war. Still standing, 1928, at Miller street and Strasburg pike, Strasburg.

Millersville had a discouraging effect on the plan at Strasburg. At any rate, it fell through. On March 29th, 1856, William Spencer, president, Benjamin B. Gonder, William Steacy, Josiah Martin, Joseph Holl and John F. Herr, trustees of the Male and Female Seminary, sold the property they had recently acquired, to George W. Linville. One year later, Mr. Linville sold the property to Josiah Martin. The tract is now included in the Strasburg cemetery.

REV. DAVID McCARTER

The Rev. David McCarter, who founded what is supposed to have been the third academy in Strasburg borough, was born in Chester county, Pa., about the year 1807. At the early age of twelve, he lost his right leg in an accident. He was graduated from an institution of higher learning at Allegheny. In 1837, at the age of thirty, he was a licentiate of the New Castle Presbytery; and on June 3rd, 1837, was installed pastor of the Presbyterian church, Strasburg. In 1838, the congregation numbered about 78 members. Strasburg was then in New Castle Presbytery. In 1839, he was pastor of the churches at Strasburg and Union.

In May, 1839, he founded an institution known as the Strasburg Academy, which he conducted successfully for a period of fourteen years. He acquired quite a reputation as a teacher. Ever a strict disciplinarian, he was able to

control boys. Parents of incorrigible children sought his school in which to enter their unruly sons.

In 1843, Strasburg was united with Donegal Presbytery and Mr. McCarter continued as its pastor. His relation with the Strasburg church was dissolved December 7th, 1847. The following year, his name appears in the Minutes of General Assembly as "Principal of Strasburg Academy." It is quite evident that he continued in charge of the academy after he had relinquished the care of the church. His name appears in the Assembly Minutes, as "Teacher of Academy", for several years thereafter.

About the year 1852, the school began to decline. In March of the following year, Mr. McCarter sold the house and lot, known as the Strasburg Academy, to Michael Pray, of Philadelphia. About this time, also, he disposed of his other real estate in Strasburg.

In 1857, he was connected with the Liberty church, Delaware, Ohio, and continued in charge until 1860. For three or four years after this, he was president of a Presbyterian female college at Delaware. After severing his connection with this institution, Mr. McCarter preached in the vicinity of Delaware for several years; and, in 1863, went to Columbus, Ohio, where he conducted private schools for several years. Here he spent the remainder of his days, supplying churches, among them being Genoa, Grove City, Hamilton and Sciota. For the last ten years of his life he was not actively engaged in ministerial work, his health not permitting. He died, of a stroke of paralysis, on December 29th, 1884, aged 78 years.

It has not been possible to secure the names of all the instructors who taught in the third Academy at Strasburg. The following, which is only a partial list, was obtained from local newspapers and the few catalogues still in existence. All the teachers were men.

1842

Rev. David McCarter, principal and teacher of Latin, Greek and moral and natural philosophy.

E. J. Higbee, teacher of mathematics.

T. Kloy, teacher of piano, violin, clarionet and flute, and German and French.

1843

Rev. David McCarter, principal.

James L. Mackey, teacher of languages and mathematics.

C. W. L. J. Kloz, teacher of German, French and music.

Dr. John Leaman delivered an address before the Students' Literary Society on the evening of September 14th, 1843. This address was published by the well-known printer of Lancaster, John W. Forney. A copy of the pamphlet, containing the address, is in the possession of the Lancaster County Historical Society.

1846-7

Rev. David McCarter, principal.

Edwin L. Moore, assistant teacher.

Edwin Bower, " "

James Hays, " "

1848-9

Rev. David McCarter, principal.

T. B. Sloan, teacher of mathematics.

E. Bower, " " "

W. J. Burnside, teacher in English department.
E. Bushell, A. B., teacher of Latin, Greek, French, Spanish and Italian.
H. Hawber, of Herrenberg, Germany, teacher of German.
T. K. White, teacher of penmanship.

1849-50

Rev. David McCarter, principal.
W. J. Burnside, teacher of mathematics.
D. B. Albright, " " "
E. Bushell, A. B., teacher of Latin, Greek, French, Spanish and Italian.
M. B. Clark, teacher of vocal and instrumental music.
T. K. White, teacher of penmanship.

1850-1

Rev. David McCarter, principal and teacher of ancient languages.
D. B. Albright, teacher of mathematics.
T. McClure, " " "
T. E. Goodheart, teacher of German, French, Spanish and instrumental music.
S. Keneagy, M. D., chemical and philosophical lecturer.
T. K. White, teacher of penmanship.

1851-2

Rev. David McCarter, A. M., principal and teacher of ancient languages.
D. B. Albright, teacher of the primary English branches and mathematics.
D. Evans, " " " " " "
G. Schuderer, of the University of Munich, Bavaria, teacher of languages and mathematics.
E. E. Gates, teacher of music.
The catalogue for 1851-2 contains an address to the "Gamma Theta Society," by the Rev. Dr. Henry Harbaugh, pastor of the First Reformed Church, Lancaster, Pa.

1853

Jesse Oren, M. D., principal and teacher of natural science.
B. H. Entrup, A. M., professor of ancient and modern languages.
John M. Rockafellar, teacher in primary department.
T. Kirk White, professor of penmanship.
E. E. Gates, teacher of piano, guitar, violin, flute, etc.
Samuel P. Bower, instructor in practical surveying and field exercises.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer session of 1846.

Daniel Balsbaugh, John Bellerjeau, John W. Brown, Justus Culin, William K. Caughey, Henry A. Ewing, Abraham Frantz, Christian Frazer, John M. Hart, William C. Hays, Henry Heiss, John Hertzler, Daniel Hilton, Charles E. Johnson, John D. Kerr, Charles M. Lewis, William Lupton, Samuel Lupton, Thomas McClure, Robert R. Mills, Edwin Miller, John Miller, John Myers, George Orr, R. W. Orr, William Perkins, Henry Placide, Robert Rae, James M. Richards, Jackson G. Rutherford, William Shindler, Abraham Smith, Joseph Smith, Joseph Snyder, William Stellwagon, George Unruh, Joseph Walker, Michael M. Withers, George W. Withers, Howard Withers.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the winter session of 1846-7.

P. Washington Ash, John Bellerjeau, Washington Bunting, William K. Caughey, Christian Frazer, John M. Hart, Christian Herr, Henry Heiss, Isaac

Hollenbaugh, John Huy, Abraham Huy, Charles E. Johnson, William Keech, William R. Kerr, Henry Keller, William Lupton, Samuel L. Lupton, Amos S. Musselman, Franklin B. Musselman, Christian Musselman, John Myers, George Orr, J. G. Patterson, Henry Placide, William Perkins, Robert Rae, James M. Richards, Henry Ruby, Samuel Spindler, Joseph Stellwagon, Samuel T. Thompson, George N. Unruh, T. K. White, Michael M. Withers, George W. Withers.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer session of 1848.

D. B. Albright, C. Albright, T. F. Anderson, E. D. Anderson, B. Barr, D. W. Barr, J. S. Baker, L. Barbe, J. Bellerjeau, J. Bolton, J. A. Boyer, W. R. Brown, J. C. Brown, D. G. Brumbach, W. H. Burg, W. H. T. Bynum, C. A. Christian, DeW. C. Callender, C. L. Coffin, A. J. Dull, T. Fenton, T. Fisher, J. E. Fuller, W. H. Fuller, D. Gosnell, O. Gosnell, D. P. Grim, J. M. Hart, W. Hardwick, J. H. Heiss, R. W. Hengst, E. K. Heston, J. S. Hibbs, C. W. Hilbish, W. J. Hooper, R. F. Hufford, C. Hunter, G. M. Hunter, R. M. Jackson, G. F. Krafft, J. M. Krafft, W. T. Lee, E. W. Lee, E. L. Linville, J. F. McConnell, J. McCoy, A. C. Medinger, G. M. Miller, F. E. Musselman, C. Musselman, B. H. Musselman, I. H. Norris, G. W. Orr, T. B. Owings, B. F. Phillips, J. Riddle, T. Roche, A. Row, W. Rutter, L. H. Seltzer, M. A. Shannon, H. K. Smith, E. D. Smith, G. B. Tassell, H. P. Truefitt, W. R. G. Truefitt, L. P. Tschiffely, E. M. Wells, O. Weigley, J. White, B. J. Wilkins, W. Wilson, M. M. Withers, G. W. Wither, O. C. Zell, G. A. Zell.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the winter session of 1848-9.

D. B. Albright, H. C. Alleman, D. H. Andrews, T. F. Anderson, A. E. Atlee, J. Atlee, D. Barr, A. Barr, A. Beaver, V. Beaver, D. Beaver, N. Beaver, G. Beatty, J. Bellerjeau, E. R. Black, B. F. Brenniman, D. M. Brubaker, W. R. Brown, J. C. Browne, W. H. T. Bynum, C. A. Christian, R. F. Christy, W. Conn, J. M. Dunscomb, W. C. Edwards, C. Eshenhower, S. Frazier, J. S. Galt, D. P. Grim, H. P. Grim, W. Hardwick, J. M. Hart, J. H. Heiss, J. Hiester, R. W. Hengst, T. W. Herr, J. S. Hibbs, W. J. Hooper, M. Horning, C. Hunter, G. M. Hunter, Z. T. B. Jacobs, J. Kennedy, J. S. Kirk, G. F. Krafft, J. M. Krafft, W. T. Lee, C. M. Lewis, E. L. Linvill, R. D. McCarter, J. McClellan, A. C. Medinger, G. M. Miller, F. E. Musselman, C. Musselman, J. W. Orr, B. F. Phillips, J. Ralston, J. M. Renshaw, E. Richardson, G. G. Ruth, W. Rutter, W. B. Scott, L. H. Seltzer, M. A. Shannon, H. S. Siegfried, J. Souder, G. B. Tassel, H. P. Truefitt, W. R. G. Truefitt, I. E. Truefitt, F. V. Wagoner, E. Wallace, J. Wells, P. Wells, O. Weigley, W. R. Wilson, G. W. Withers, M. M. Withers, H. H. Withers, O. C. Zell, G. A. Zell, G. W. Zook.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer session of 1849.

D. W. Bonn, S. G. Bonn, W. R. Brown, W. H. T. Bynum, F. M. Campbell, C. A. Christian, R. F. Christy, J. V. Cooper, J. M. Dunscomb, J. Durham, J. Durham, T. Durham, W. C. Edwards, D. Evans, G. G. Foster, S. Frazer, J. Fryer, A. K. Fulton, B. Garland, J. F. Gorman, R. W. Hengst, J. S. Hibbs, R. F. Hofford, W. J. Hooper, S. O. Hostetter, G. W. Howard, C. Hunter, G. M. Hunter, B. Johnson, J. W. Kennedy, A. S. Knecht, J. Kyle, W. T. Lee, C. M. Lewis, I. C. Loser, N. M. Matts, R. D. McCarter, G. M. Miller, F. E. Musselman, C. Musselman, B. H. Musselman, J. Nickum, B. F. Phillips, E. Richardson, A. Row, G. M. Russum, C. Semmes, R. D. Semmes, L. H. Seltzer, J. Souder, E. J. Truefitt, L. P. Tschiffely, J. S. White, H. Withers, O. C. Zell, G. A. Zell.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the winter session of 1849-50.

J. Beaver, S. H. Bitzer, A. Bobb, G. Bobb, G. E. Bonn, H. R. Bonn, S. G. Bonn, D. W. Bonn, H. Buck, M. Buckwalter, C. A. Christian, R. F. Christy, J. Cockley, W. Cockey, J. V. Cooper, F. T. Duffy, J. M. Dunscomb, O. Eckert, E. Ely, C. Foulk, J. Foulk, S. W. Frazier, J. Fryer, A. K. Fulton, J. A. Fulton, B. Garland, E. Gery, J. Girvin, H. Grim, R. Griner, J. F. Gorman, E. C. Hiester, R. W. Hengst, J. Higgins, U. Holder, W. J. Hooper, G. W. Howard, C. Hunter, G. M. Hunter, J. Irvin, B. Johnson, S. F. Keller, J. W. Kennedy, H. M. Lee, C. M. Lewis, R. D. McCarter, G. M. Miller, A. Minich, S. S. Moderwell, W. Moody, B. H. Musselman, F. E. Musselman, C. Musselman, H. Nunes, B. F. Phillips, E. Quigley, D. Rankin, F. Rieser, J. Reeser, J. Royer, E. Richardson, S. Ross, G. M. Russum, H. Ssott, R. D. Semmes, C. Semmes, W. F. Sturne, J. M. Stevenson, G. B. Tassell, J. B. Warfel, A. Warfel, J. S. White, M. Withers, G. Withers, H. Withers, O. C. Zell, G. A. Zell.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer session of 1850.

C. Bartram, S. H. Bitzer, A. Bobb, G. Bobb, D. W. Bonn, S. G. Bonn, H. R. Bonn, W. Brown, H. Buck, A. V. Bucher, C. A. Christian, R. F. Christy, A. Caughey, W. H. Cockey, A. Coffin, J. Clayton, J. Davis, T. Duffy, G. W. Donaldson, J. M. Dunscomb, A. Dubosq, D. Evans, J. Evans, A. K. Fulton, S. W. Frazier, A. S. Galt, J. M. Galt, J. Good, R. H. Hengst, R. V. R. High, J. L. Higgins, W. J. Hooper, C. Hunter, G. Hunter, G. W. Howard, J. R. James, E. B. Kelly, J. T. Keets, J. G. Keyser, H. M. Lee, C. M. Lewis, G. M. Miller, G. W. Miller, N. M. Matts, H. J. McCoy, J. McClure, W. Moody, B. F. Musselman, J. A. Nicholson, S. Neidig, J. Ralston, E. Richardson, A. J. Rider, G. M. Russum, C. W. Semmes, R. D. Semmes, J. G. Simpson, M. P. Slothawer, A. Summy, G. B. Tassell, R. S. Unger, L. P. Tscheffely, J. S. White, B. J. Wilkins, E. Wilkins, H. S. Wilson, M. M. Withers, G. W. Withers, H. H. Withers, D. Woods, O. C. Zell, G. A. Zell, G. Zimmerman.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the winter session of 1850-1.

C. Bartram, A. R. Black, B. Brackbill, A. D. Biles, A. Bobb, G. Bobb, G. D. Boyer, J. R. Bucher, H. Buck, W. H. Caughey, A. Caughey, W. A. Christy, E. B. Christy, J. Clayton, A. Coffin, W. H. Cockey, C. N. Dickson, G. Donaldson, D. Doster, F. Duffy, J. M. Dunscomb, S. Echternoch, C. Edwards, E. C. Ely, J. M. Erisman, C. Foulk, S. W. Frazier, A. T. Galt, J. M. Galt, J. E. Garretson, G. W. Geiger, J. Good, R. Girvin, F. Gibbs, E. Z. Griesimer, S. G. Groff, J. S. T. Harrison, E. W. Hibbs, R. V. R. High, G. W. Howard, W. D. Howard, S. Y. Hough, R. M. Jackson, M. J. Joyce, E. B. Kelly, J. T. Keets, J. P. Magill, D. G. Miller, G. M. Miller, A. Minnich, G. F. Machmer, A. McCall, J. Morrison, F. B. Musselman, C. Musselman, B. F. Musselman, J. D. Nickleson, T. Pasteur, E. Quigley, E. Richardson, A. R. Rider, F. Rentschler, G. M. Russum, C. W. Semmes, T. C. Seltzer, S. R. Stout, G. B. Tassell, W. H. H. Taylor, W. F. Trimble, F. V. Wagner, J. R. Wagner, J. B. Warfel, G. T. Werntz, H. H. Withers, E. B. Yengst.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer and winter sessions of 1851-2.

PRIMARY DIVISION

E. Adams, S. S. Brecht, C. H. Burr, E. E. Burr, E. B. Christy, W. A. Christy, G. W. Donaldson, R. G. Diller, W. H. Evans, Z. T. Galt, A. Groff,

J. Groff, W. D. Howard, S. S. Hess, H. M. Husband, C. W. Karsner, D. Karsner, P. Kling, B. T. Leamon, H. Lovett, A. McCall, R. D. McCarter, G. Machmer, J. Miller, J. Meredith, D. W. Mules, C. Musselman, H. M. Myers, A. R. Rider, R. P. Russum, F. Ruth, D. Ruth, C. J. Ruth, J. L. Shubert, J. E. Share, W. H. H. Taylor, G. W. Weidler, E. B. Yengst

PROGRESSIVE DIVISION

E. Arthur, Jr., J. W. Bittinger, C. N. Dickson, J. M. Dunscomb, P. R. Frankford, J. W. Galt, F. Goshert, J. S. T. Harrison, S. H. Hershey, R. V. R. High, J. Huy, T. Herr, G. E. Johns, H. M. Lee, E. Linnall, N. M. Matts, B. F. Musselman, T. Pasteur, E. S. Quigley, E. Richardson, J. Rudy, T. C. Seltzer, A. S. Shank, J. W. Stout, R. S. Unger, J. B. Warfel, G. W. Weaver.

ADVANCED DIVISION

U. E. Bruner, G. W. Boyd, I. R. Bucher, W. H. Cockey, E. Dudley, D. Evans, J. Good, A. T. Galt, J. T. Keets, E. B. Kelley, J. P. Magill, G. W. Russum, C. W. Simmes.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the winter session of 1853.

G. L. Bard, C. Boughter, J. W. Boyd, B. F. Breneman, L. Buller, W. A. Christy, W. H. Cockey, M. M. Craver, W. H. Evans, J. Fletcher, J. Garner, A. G. Guiles, J. W. Guiles, A. D. Gyger, J. C. Harry, H. B. Herr, L. D. Herr, Y. A. Jacobs, A. H. Jones, C. W. Karsner, D. Karsner, M. D. Kendig, J. A. Kuntz, E. Lerew, B. F. Long, J. P. Magill, W. E. Martin, G. M. Miller, B. H. F. Musselman, C. Musselman, R. D. McCarter, W. H. Newell, E. C. Peters, C. H. Pray, J. W. Raub, A. R. Rider, R. F. Russum, S. P. Seltzer, J. L. Shubert, H. V. Slack, W. H. Tomson, J. S. Tyson, J. Wallace, J. A. Wilmuth.

Students who attended the Strasburg Academy during the summer session of 1853.

Peter S. Albright, George L. Bard, R. W. Bard, Charles E. Boughter, Benjamin F. Breneman, Virgil P. Colcord, James W. Deppen, R. Wilson Desilver, William Echternoch, William H. Evans, Frederick W. Fefell, Oliver H. Fefell, John M. Gault, William Gault, Joseph D. Gonder, Juan J. Gonzalez, George H. Gonder, Isaac Group, A. D. Gyger, Hanford B. Herr, Henry H. Holden, Jacob E. Hyneman, B. F. Ibach, A. W. Jacoby, George E. Johns, Richard Kelly or Gates, Juan G. Lynn, James P. Magill, Francis McClure, John A. McLenegan, William W. Meckley, M. Merrill, B. H. F. Musselman, Christian Musselman, Lewis Garcia Perez, Allen J. Pierce, George W. Potts, Junius B. Potts, Charles H. Pray, J. B. Prizer, C. Y. Reber, Charles H. Robinson, John S. Tyson, James Wallace, Silas N. Warfel, William H. Weider.

PRIMARY DEPARTMENT

C. E. Boughter, William Echternoch, Frederick W. Fefell, Oliver H. Fefell, George H. Gonder, Joseph D. Gonder, A. D. Gyger, Henry H. Holden, Jacob E. Hyneman, Junius B. Potts, Allen J. Pierce, J. B. Prizer, Charles H. Robinson, James Wallace.

Author: Worner, William Frederic.

Title: Strasburg academies / by William Frederic Worner.

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